Nomen  
Dies

**Agora Academy Unit 2 Lessons 1-3  
The Present Tense**

**Part 1: Matching.** *Please match the Latin present tense ending with the subject that it implies, based on person and number.*

1. -t D. A. We

2. -o C. B. You all

3. -mus A. C. I

4. -s E. D. He/she/it

5. -nt F. E. You (singular)

6. -tis B. F. They

**Part II: Latin → English Translations.** *Please translate the following ten sentences from Latin into English. You have seen a few of these sentences before!*

1. Regina in patriā habitat. The queen lives in the native land.

2. Puellam femina laudat. The woman praises the girl.

3. Agricolae puellas in terrā spectant. The farmers see the girls on the land.

4. Puellae vitam amant. The girls love life.

5. Aquam in terris agricola spectat. The farmer sees the water in the land.

6. Poeta umbras laudat. The poet praises the ghost.

7. Puellae in silvā saltant. The girls dance in the forest.

8. Deas agricolae laudant. The farmers praise the goddesses.

9. Aurae umbras portant. The breezes carry ghosts.

10. Aram spectat femina. The woman watches the altar.

**Part III: Parsing words.** *To PARSE a Latin word, means to provide all relevant grammatical information about a word as it appears in a sentence*. *For nouns, you explain what case the noun appears in, its number, and the gender of the noun. Case, number, Gender. For verbs, you have to indicate the person and number. You also have to indicate what tense the verb is in. Right now, the tense is always PRESENT. So, for verbs you have to provide person, number, and tense.*

*Below, you have an example of how a noun a verb from the sentences above would be parsed. You are then are asked to parse one noun and one verb on your own.*

**Examples:**

*1.* *Aram* from Sentence 10.

a. Case: *accusative*b. Number: *singular*c. Gender: *feminine*

*2.* *Portant* from Sentence 9.

a. Person: *3rd*b. Number: *Plural*c. Tense: *Present*

**You try!**

*1.* *Agricolae* from Sentence 8.

a. Case: nominative

b. Number: plural

c. Gender: masculine

*2.* *Habitat* from Sentence 1.

a. Person: 3rd

b. Number: singular

c. Tense: present

**Part IV: English → Latin Translations.** *The first five sentences are very similar to the sentences that you translated into English --- with one key difference! Rather than having a third person subject, each sentence is implied in the verb’s ending. So be careful when you are translating to ensure that you choose the right person and number. The last five sentences are brand new.*

1. They see water in the earth. Aquam in terrā spectant.

2. We praise the ghosts. Umbras laudamus.

3. You all dance in the forest. In silvā saltatis.

4. You praise the goddesses. Deas laudas.

5. She watches the altar. Aram spectat.

**Part V: Summarizer.** *Please rank your understanding and comfort with the concepts below, with one meaning that you do not understand the concept at all and five meaning that you understand the concept and are very comfortable with it. Student answers will vary.*

The dictionary form of nouns 1 2 3 4 5

Finding the stem of nouns 1 2 3 4 5

Declining first declension nouns 1 2 3 4 5

The nominative case 1 2 3 4 5

The accusative case 1 2 3 4 5

The ablative of place where 1 2 3 4 5

The dictionary form of verbs 1 2 3 4 5

Finding the present stem of verbs 1 2 3 4 5

Conjugating verbs in the pres. tense 1 2 3 4 5

Translating verbs into English 1 2 3 4 5

Translating verbs into Latin 1 2 3 4 5

*Now, please write at least FIVE complete sentences explaining why you gave yourself the rankings that you did. What is difficult for you? Why do you think those topics are tricky? If you ranked yourself fairly highly, what has been helping you learn the material? Why do you think you understand it so well?*