Nomen

Dies

**Agora Academy Unit 3 Lesson 6**

**The Second Declension Neuter**

**Part I: Video Comprehension.** Please answer the questions below. Be as specific as you can.

1. Please write down the rhyme for the Neuter Rule. Nominative Accusative exactly the same; in the plural always an A!

2. Which case-ending do you have to change in the second declension masculine *singular* in order to make the endings neuter? In other words, how do you change the second declension masculine singular endings to make them comply with the neuter rule? The nominative case.

3. Please write out the *singular second declension neuter endings* in the chart below.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Singular** |
| **nom** | um |
| **gen** | i |
| **dat** | o |
| **acc** | um |
| **abl** | o |

4. Which case-ending do you have to change in the second declension masculine *plural* in order to make the endings neuter? In other words, how do you change the second declension masculine plural endings to make them comply with the neuter rule? Nominative and accusative

5. Please write out the second declension neuter endings in the chart below.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **singular** | **plural** |
| **nom** | um | a |
| **gen** | i | orum |
| **dat** | o | is |
| **acc** | um | a |
| **abl** | o | is |

**Part II: Using the Dictionary Form.** Please use the dictionary form to determine the **declension** and **gender** of each noun listed below.

1. aqua/aquae   
     
    *Gender: feminine  
     
    Declension: first*
2. bellum/belli  
      
    *Gender: neuter  
     
    Declension: second*
3. cibus/cibi  
      
    *Gender: masculine  
     
    Declension: second*
4. puer/pueri  
     
    *Gender: masculine  
     
    Declension: second*

**Part III: Parsing Neuter Nouns.** *Parsing* a Latin noun means identifying the case, number and gender of a noun in a sentence. Please *parse* the neuter nouns underlined in the Latin sentences below. Then please translate each sentence.  
  
1. Dona puellae puer amat.

*Case: accusative  
  
 Number: plural  
  
 Gender: neuter  
  
 Translation: The boy loves the girl’s gifts.*

2. In caelo dei habitant.

*Case: ablative  
  
 Number: singular  
  
 Gender: neuter  
  
 Translation: The gods live in the sky.*  
  
3. Oppidi regina in portā stat.

*Case: Genitive  
  
 Number: singular  
  
 Gender: neuter  
  
 Translation: The town’s queen stands in the gate.*

4. Nautae tela portant.

*Case: accusative  
  
 Number: plural  
  
 Gender: neuter  
  
 Translation: The sailors carry weapons.*  
   
 5. Periculum in silvā est.

*Case: nominative  
  
 Number: singular  
  
 Gender: neuter  
  
 Translation: Danger is in the forest OR There is danger in the woods. (Note:* forest *and*

woods *are both acceptable answers for silvā)*